



Partners in Population and Development (PPD)

Policy and Program Challenges of the Ageing Population in Developing Countries: A case study of an Inter-Governmental alliance of 26 countries

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Presentation Plan

- Introduction to Partners in Population and Development (PPD)
- Status of Ageing Population, Globally
- Status of Ageing Population in PPD Member Countries (MCs)
- Level of Concern on Population Ageing and Policy Status in PPD MCs
- Introducing Global Commission on Ageing in Developing Countries
- Conclusion





- An Inter-Governmental Organization
- Southern-led
- Southern-run
- Incepted in 1994 at the ICPD
- Permanent Secretariat in Dhaka, Bangladesh
- Africa Regional Office (PPD ARO) in Kampala, Uganda
- China Programme Office in Taicang City
- Permanent Observer at the United Nations in New York, Geneva and Bangkok







- Currently, older persons are the world's fastest growing age group
- Number of older persons over age 60 years almost doubled between 1994 and 2014
- Number of older persons over age 60 years is expected to be more than 2 billion in 2050
- 80% of them would be living in developing countries
- The global share of older persons over 60 years increased from 9.2 % in 1990 to 11.5 % in 2012 and will reach 21.8 % by 2050
- More than half (55 %) of the Governments worldwide considered population ageing as a major concern in their countries in 2013

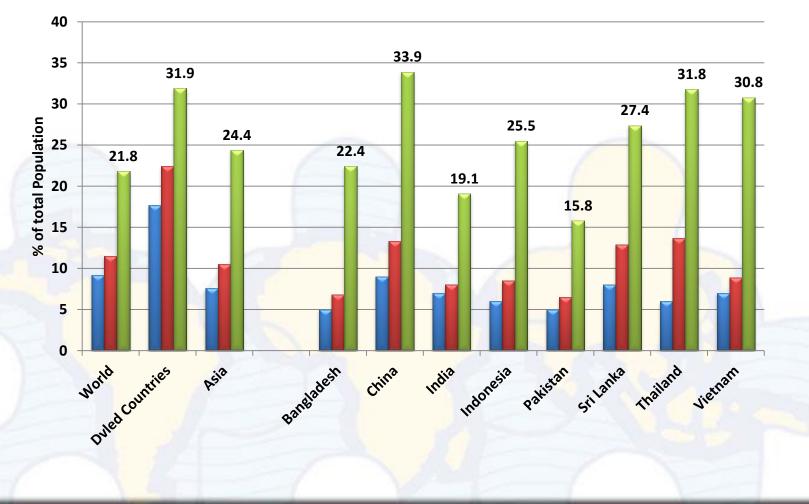


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Years 1994 - 201

Trends of Population Ageing (over 60 yrs) in PPD MCs, Asia-pacific

■ 1990 ■ 2012 ■ 2050

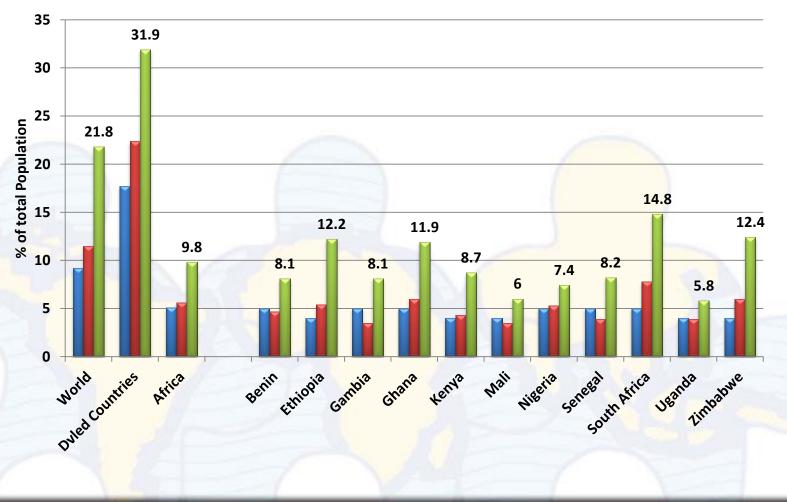




Years 1994 - 20

Trends of Population Ageing (over 60 yrs) in PPD MCs, Sub-Saharan Africa

■ 1990 ■ 2012 ■ 2050

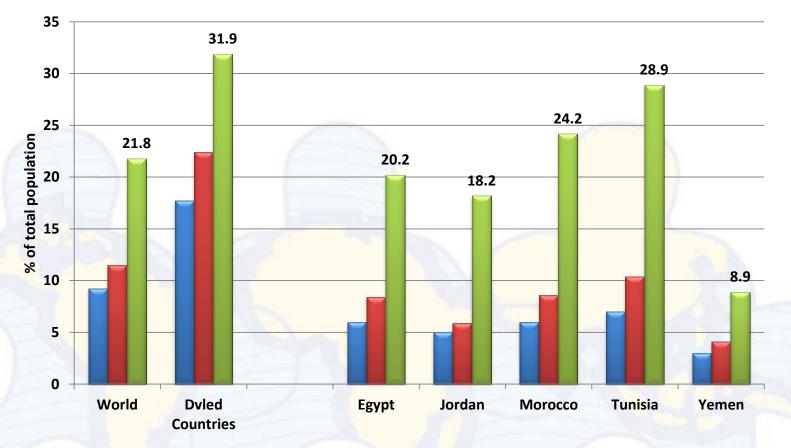




Years 1994 - 20

Trends of Population Ageing (over 60 yrs) in PPD MCs, MENA

■ 1990 ■ 2012 ■ 2050

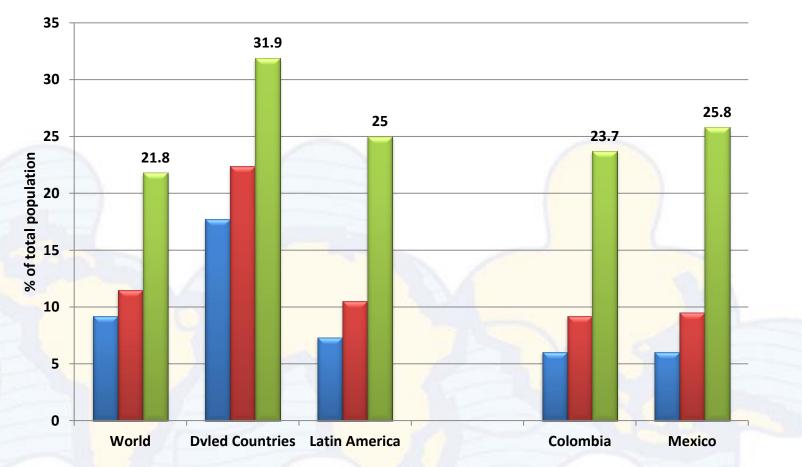




Years 1994 - 20

Trends of Population Ageing (over 60 yrs) in PPD MCs, Latin America

■ 1990 ■ 2012 ■ 2050



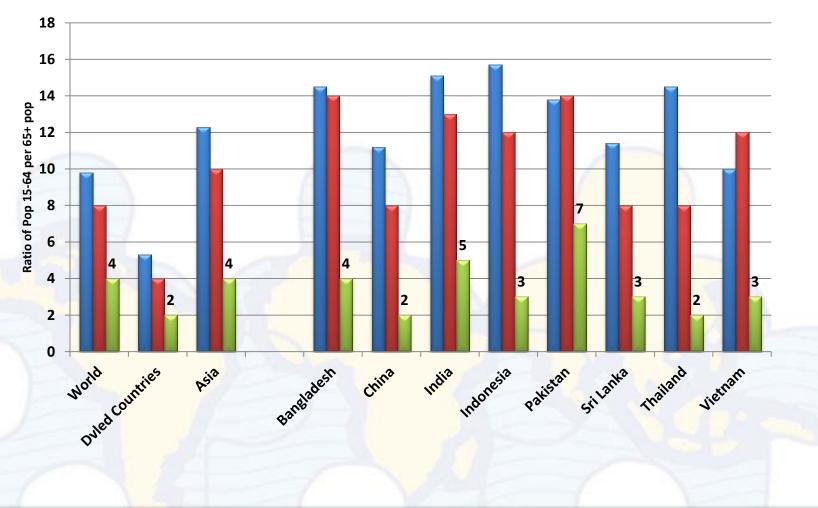


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Years 1994 - 20

Trends of Old-age Support Ratio (ratio of population aged 15-64 per population 65+) Asia-pacific

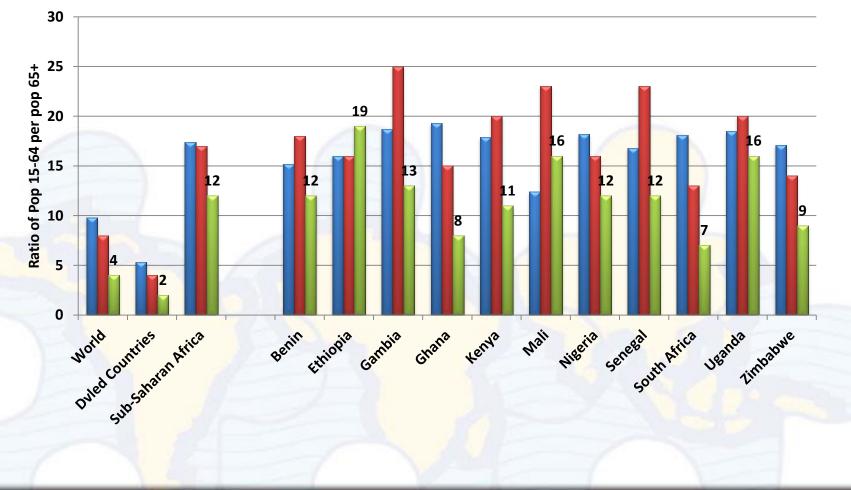
■ 1990 ■ 2012 ■ 2050





PPD Celebrating 20 Years 1994 - 2014 Trends of Old-age Support Ratio (ratio of population aged 15-64 per population 65+), Sub-Saharan Africa

■ 1990 ■ 2012 ■ 2050

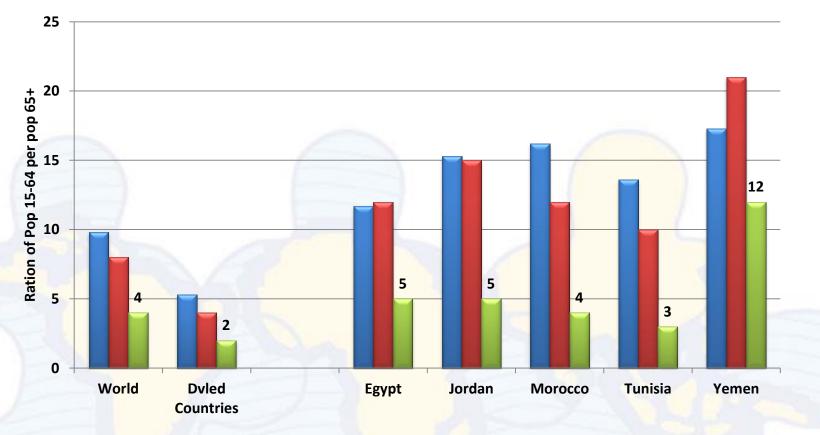




Years 1994 - 20

Trends of Old-age Support Ratio (ratio of population aged 15-64 per population 65+), MENA

■ 1990 ■ 2012 ■ 2050

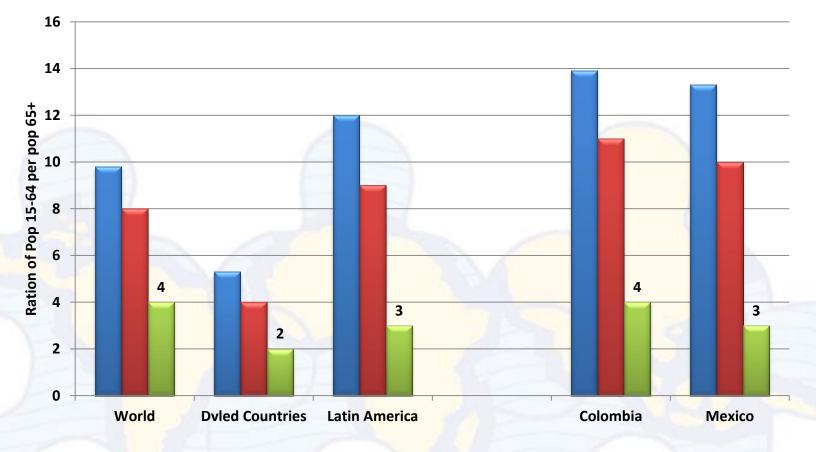




Years 1994 - 20

Trends of Old-age Support Ratio (ratio of population aged 15-64 per population 65+), Latin America

■ 1990 ■ 2012 ■ 2050





Years 1994 - 2014

Level of Concern and Policy Status on Ageing in PPD MCs in Asia-pacific

Asia-Pacific	Concern Level Expressed in Population Policy on Ageing	Existence of National Policy on Older Persons
Bangladesh	Major	Yes
China	Major	Yes
India	Major	Yes
Indonesia	Minor	Yes
Pakistan	Minor	No
Sri Lanka	Major	Yes
Thailand	Major	Yes
Vietnam	Major	Yes



Years 1994 - 201

Level of Concern and Policy Status on Ageing in PPD MCs in Sub-Saharan Africa

	Concern Level Expressed in	Existence of National
<u>Sub-Saharan</u>	Population Policy on Ageing	Policy on Older Persons
<u>Africa</u>		
Benin	Major	No
Ethiopia	Minor	No
Gambia	Minor	No
Ghana	Major	Yes
Kenya	Minor	Yes
Mali	Minor	No
Nigeria	Minor	No
Senegal	Minor	No
South Africa	Major	Yes
Uganda	Major	Yes
Zimbabwe	Major	No S S



Years 1994 - 20

Level of Concern and Policy Status on Ageing in PPD MCs in MENA and Latin America

MENA	Concern Level Expressed in Population Policy on Ageing	Existence of National Policy on Older Persons
Egypt	Minor	Yes
Jordan	Minor	Yes
Morocco	Minor	No
Tunisia	Major	Yes
Yemen	Not a Concern	No
Latin America		
Colombia	Major	No
Mexico	Major	Yes



Summary; Status of Population Ageing in PPD MCs

 26 member countries of PPD constituted 48.9 % of the world population over 60 years in 2012 and the rate is projected to increase to 57.4% by 2050

PD Celebratina

- 18 out of 26 PPD member countries would have more than 10% of their total population over 60 years by 2050
- Except Sub-Saharan African MCs, most of the other MCs would experience declined old-age support ratios of 3 to 5 working age persons per older person by 2050
- Since the adoption of the Madrid Plan in 2002, 15 out of the 26 member countries of PPD have adopted conducive policies and legislations for older persons
- Fourteen member countries of PPD considered population ageing as a major concern in 2013





Background and rationale; Global Commission on Ageing in Developing Countries

- The MIPAA recognized ageing as a development issue and recommended that the developing countries have to put strategies, policies, legislation and programs in place to achieve the development goals
- Still, ageing and older persons are continued to be viewed and acted upon in policy silos e.g. health, pensions, social care etc. from a welfare-based angle, when a rights-based approach has been recommended
- While there has been an increase in the number of countries formulating policies for older persons, many of the countries have not systematically mainstreamed them into national development strategies and action plans
- There is identified lack of data on policy and program gaps and situation of older persons in the context of Madrid Plan of Action in developing countries
- There is also lack of data on population ageing particularly disaggregated by age groups, sex, education, economic and social status





- PPD, in technical partnership with the World Health Organization (WHO), established a 'Global Commission on Ageing in Developing Countries
- The goal of the Commission is to enable gender equity and rights based policies and programming that will improve the quality of life of the ageing population in developing countries, including the 26 member countries of PPD



The Commission was launched on 24 Oct 2013 in Beijing, China

PPD Celebrating

Years





- The Commission consists of 16 Commissioners representing 16 of the PPD member countries (Bangladesh, China, Egypt, Ghana, India, Kenya, Mali, Mexico, Nigeria, Pakistan, South Africa, Thailand, Tunisia, Vietnam, Yemen and Zimbabwe)
- 5 Resource persons representing World Health Organization (WHO), Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA), African Population and Health Research Centre (APHRC) and Ageing Resource centre, India.





Scopes ; Global Commission on Ageing in Developing Countries

Scopes of the Commission:

- Conduct country assessments on ageing population, health and social protection in developing countries
- Identify policies, programs, gaps and best practices in developing countries
- Design advocacy strategies to inform policy development to ensure better economic security, health, dignity and well-being in old age
- Help policy makers to formulate a gender, equity and rights informed policy framework
- Define the strategies, roadmaps and action plans to address the opportunities and challenges of ageing population
- Increased South-South Cooperation to better prepare the developing countries to scale up the best practices





- The Global Commission on Ageing in Developing countries has been established to contribute significantly to prepare the developing countries to address the challenges and utilize the opportunities of their ageing population
- We urge the donors, UN agencies, private sectors and foundations, regional groups, Northern countries, PPD member countries and other developing countries to support the Commission
- Please visit the Global Commission on Ageing <u>http://www.partners-popdev.org/ageing/</u>







Partners in Population and Development (PPD)

An Inter-Governmental Organization Promoting South-South Cooperation



http://www.partners-popdev.org/

